## e-Stewards® Version 4.1

# Overview of changes and transition requirements







Austin Matthews EHS Program Manager

#### <u>Agenda:</u>

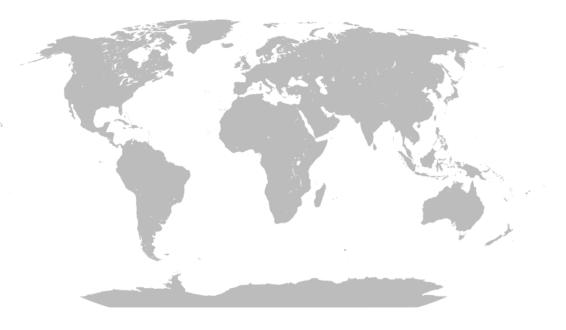
- About PJR
- Benefits of certification
- Transition details
- Key changes
- Questions

- Welcome from PJR Headquarters 755 W. Big Beaver Rd, Suite 1340 Troy, MI 48084
- Introduction of speaker
- Audience for today's meeting



#### PJR is a leading Registrar

- PJR is one of the leading Registrars in the world
- A few countries where PJR has certified companies to various standards:
  - Australia
  - Brazil
  - European Union
  - Japan
  - India
  - Malaysia
  - Mexico
  - Singapore
  - Thailand
  - United States





PJR is accredited to grant certification for :

- ISO 9001
- ISO 14001
- AS 9100, 9110 & 912<mark>0</mark>
- ISO/TS 16949
- Responsible Recycling (R2)
- RIOS
- ISO 13485
- SQF

- TL 9000
- ISO 45001
- ISO 27001
- ISO 22000 TD AD C
- HAACP Compliance
- FSSC 22000
- e-Stewards®



#### Benefits and drivers

- Commitment to prevention of irresponsible or illegal handling of hazardous waste or e-waste streams, data security and protection, social responsibility, and environmental protection/conservation
- Reduction of environmental, occupational health & safety, data security, and social accountability risks
- Business management drivers, including improving public image
- Advertising of responsible management of electronics and electronic components
- Providing a competitive advantage



 Framework for maintaining compliance with customer and/or regulatory requirements, including the Basel Convention



#### e-Stewards Version 4.1

- V4.1 was published on February 22, 2022.
  - A copy of Version 4.1 with the changes highlighted can be found here: <u>https://e-stewards.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/e-Stewards-Standard-V4.1-Highlighted.pdf</u>
  - Sanctioned Interpretations Parts A and B can be found here: <u>https://e-stewards.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/Proposed-Sanctioned-Interpretations-Part-A.pdf</u> and <u>https://e-stewards.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/4.1-Sanctioned-Interpretations-Part-B.pdf</u>
- e-Stewards published the V4.1 Transition Plan on March 14, 2022.
  - A copy of the Transition Plan can be found here: <u>https://e-stewards.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/Transition-Plan-for-V4.0-to-V4.1-FINAL.pdf</u>



#### Transition to Version 4.1

- Audits scheduled to begin on or before April 22, 2022 could have been conducted to either V4.0 or V4.1.
  - Initial registrations or Recertification audits conducted to v4.0 within this period would reflect certificate expiration dates of 4/22/2023.
- As of 4/22/2022, the e-Stewards Transition Plan expected all existing e-Stewards clients to have implemented the new Sanctioned Interpretations (Parts A and B), and to have identified measures to implement the V4.1 changes.
- <u>All audits scheduled to begin on or after April 23, 2022 must be</u> <u>conducted to V4.1.</u>



### Transition to Version 4.1 (continued)

- Transition audits can occur on-site or virtually, if the client is a good candidate for virtual auditing techniques.
- Transition audits can occur during surveillance or recertification audits, based on the client's preference.
- PJR reserves the right to add audit time to a surveillance audit to adequately cover all transition requirements.
- The overall deadline for all e-Stewards certificates to transition is April 22, 2023. Any remaining Version 4.0 certificates will be withdrawn and invalidated on this date.
  - PJR recommends all transition audits be conducted by February 1, 2023 to prevent a lapse in certification.



#### Key changes in e-Stewards V4.1

- Acceptance of RIOS certification in lieu of ISO 14001 certification as an e-Stewards prerequisite requirement/standard
- Revision of the definition of an *e-Stewards Processor* to clarify that Control extends even to Electronic Equipment not subjected to Processing
- Revision of the definition of *Problematic Components or Materials (PCMs)* to remove PVC, which is an HEW and already listed in Y48 of the Basel Convention Annex II



- A new definition of a *Processing Facility* to include mobile processing, sampling, applicability to multi-sites, and the impact on the requirement for all relevant e-Stewards organizations to be required to achieve certification
- Clarification of the requirements of 6.1.3.1 regarding Transboundary Movement of wastes, since the e-Stewards standard cannot dictate to governments prior-informed consent proceedings in regions where the waste is not considered hazardous or controlled
- Revisions to, and expansions of, the Performance Verification program inclusion criteria in 6.1.4



- Revision of the 8.5.1b) language regarding documentation of rechargeable battery health destined for Direct Reuse, in alignment with the Version 4.1 revisions to the definition of Repurposing (not significantly changed)
- A new section 8.5.1b)iii to allow for Direct Reuse of batteries without testing, in specific instances where it cannot be tested without presenting significant risk <u>and</u> where identified criteria are met
- A new section 8.5.1.1 focusing on Repurposing, and in alignment with the revised definition, to clarify when Repurposing can constitute an acceptable form of Direct Reuse, to be used in conjunction with functionality and e-Stewards transparency requirements



- Clarification in 8.5.2 regarding QSCs that will ultimately be tested by an IDP
- Clarification in 8.6.1a) as to the expected evidence of conditionally allowable option approval on the part of the e-Stewards Administrator
- Revisions to the criteria in 8.8.2.1 and 8.8.2.3 for ensuring non-e-Stewards DPs maintain the criteria necessary to process and/or dispose of the e-Steward organization's MOCs, and removal of the requirement for <u>all</u> DPs in the recycling chain to have closure plans (instead of just IDPs)



- Additional verbiage in 8.9 in regards to Data Security expectations, NAID AAA Certification transitions, etc., in part to clarify the requirement for e-Stewards organizations to protect personal data when received, even if the upstream or customer claims it has been sanitized already (unless the customer maintains ownership throughout processing)
- Sanctioned Interpretation A focuses on the main text/body of the standard, including definitions, without much impact on the Appendices (expect where changes overlap). Sanctioned Interpretation B, on the other hand, appears to primarily focus on changes within the Appendices (although not exclusively).
  - Note: A significant portion of Sanctioned Interpretation B focuses on the inclusion of RIOS as a prerequisite standard instead of ISO 14001, for client organizations which prefer one over the other.



### Certification steps for new registrations

- Obtain a copy of the Standard
- Establish SMS documentation to meet e-Stewards<sup>®</sup> requirements
- Training to SMS requirements
- Implement SMS requirements
  - Conduct an internal audit(s) of the system
  - Conduct a compliance evaluation



- Conduct a system review (including the outputs of the internal audit as inputs)
- Contract with a Certification Body (CB), such as PJR
- Complete Stage 1 and Stage 2 audits, and address any resulting nonconformances (NCRs)
  - $\rightarrow$  Certification issuance



#### **Certification Process**

The registration audit consists of two stages:

- Stage 1:
  - On-site document review of the SMS (may be required to be submitted to PJR prior to Stage 1)
  - Evaluates the readiness of your organization to move to Stage 2
- Stage 2:
  - Scheduled 30 to 60 days after the Stage 1 audit
  - On-site audit of your entire SMS
  - Any nonconformities will need to be resolved prior to certificate issuance



#### **Certification Requirements**

- Surveillance audits
  - Scheduled at either six or twelve month intervals depending on the contract
  - Partial system audit
- Re-certification audit



- On-site audit conducted prior to the third anniversary of the initial certification
- Surveillance visits will then continue, as before, on a 3-year cycle





#### Please type any questions you may have.





For additional technical information, please contact PJR using the below contact information:

Austin Matthews EHS Program Manager Phone: (248) 358-3388 Email: amatthews@pjr.com

For a quote, please contact the Sales Department at: 1-800-800-7910

