RIOS**:2016

Overview of the Standard





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Introduction of speaker

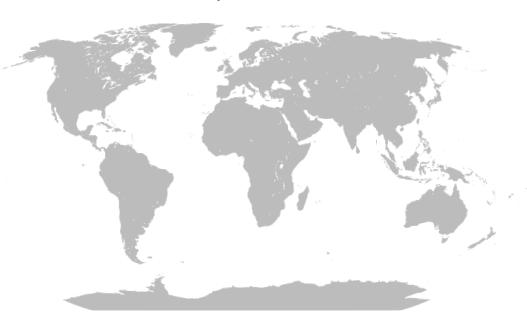
Agenda:

- About PJR
- Benefits and drivers
- Key requirements
- General standard overview
- Clause-by-clause details
- Certification Process
- Questions



PJR is a leading Registrar

- PJR is one of the leading Registrars in the world
- A few countries where PJR has certified companies to various standards:
 - Australia
 - Brazil
 - European Union
 - Japan
 - India
 - Malaysia
 - Mexico
 - Singapore
 - Thailand
 - United States





PJR is accredited to grant certification for :

- ISO 9001
- ISO 14001
- AS 9100, 9110 & 9120
- ISO/TS 16949
- R2v3
- RIOS
- ISO 13485
- SQF

- TL 9000
- ISO 45001
- ISO 27001
- ISO 22000
- HAACP Compliance
- FSSC 22000
- e-Stewards[®]

Benefits of Certification

- Improving the organization's QEH&S performance, and minimization of risks
- Material sourcing and outsourcing controls
- Management commitment and employee engagement
- Providing a competitive advantage and/or improved public image
- Potential financial benefit(s)
- Framework for meeting customer and/or regulatory requirements
- Commitment to the responsible management of recyclables
- Ability to integrate with other standards, such as R2v3



Key requirements in RIOS:2016

- Emphasis on leadership
- Focus on proactivity and risk management

- Emphasis on outcomes of the management system
- Communication and awareness, including stakeholder and customer requirements
- Change management

General information

- Copies of the RIOS:2016 standard can be obtained by contacting Amy Sailor at asailor@isri.org
- During Recertification audits to RIOS:2016, all NCRs (even minors) will require evidence of effective implementation prior to acceptance and closure.
- Auditor is required to be replaced for each Recertification audit (every 3 years)
- Annual RIOS membership is required to be maintained
- The standard requires annual sampling of certain controls or processes, such as:
 - Competency/training,
 - Communication,
 - Monitoring and measurement,
 - Operational processes against which NCRs were issued during the prior 2 years' audits



Introduction

 The notes within the standard provide additional guidance, but are not auditable

Clause 1: General Requirements

1.1 Scope and Application

- Must consider actions by Outside Providers in the scope
 - → Footprint should include activities performed by Outside Providers, such as contractors

1.1.1 RIOS Outcomes

Outlines implementation criteria, intended outcomes, and calls for proactivity



1.2 QEH&S Infrastructure

1.2.1 - 1.2.3

- Requirements for the assigning of responsibilities, and a Management Representative
- Senior Management commitment, involvement, and accountability are emphasized, and must ensure adequate resources for the intended outcomes of the QEHSMS

1.3 Document and Recordkeeping Controls

 Documentation system changes similar to ISO 14001:2015, where controlled documents can take many forms

Clause 2: Policy

 Requirements related to evaluation of impacts and risks, annual reviews, Senior Management commitment, etc.



Clause 3: Planning

3.1 Identifying the RIOS Footprint

- Proactive planning
- Assessment to include purchasing, source material acquisition, transport, delivery, etc.
- Also to include positives (not just negative impacts)
- Keep up-to-date, review for changes, and assess prior to making changes that could impact the QEHSMS

3.1.1 Important Quality Risks

- Requires the identification (and control) of risks affecting product and/or service quality
 - Risk is the effect of uncertainty, and can be positive or negative
 - Examples: employee theft, ineffective training, departure of a key employee(s), equipment/tool breakdown, etc.



3.1.2 Important Environmental Impacts

Additional requirements, including the documentation of rating criteria

3.1.3 Important Health & Safety Risks

Additional requirements, including the documentation of controls

3.1.4 Legal Requirements

- Includes product requirements
- Controls to be documented



3.1.5 Product, Service, and Customer Requirements

- Requires the documentation of requirements and monitoring methodologies for:
 - products,
 - customer requirements,
 - outsourced activities,
 - source material specifications, etc.
- Requires verification and records of conformity

3.1.6 Other Stakeholder Requirements

- Requires the identification of stakeholders <u>and</u> their respective requirements
- Controls to be implemented accordingly
- Reviewed annually
- See Stakeholder definition
 - Additional examples include owners, landlords, insurance companies, etc.



3.2 Improvement Planning

3.2.1 Establishing Goals

Several inputs or items to be considered

3.2.2 Plans for Goal Achievement

 Requires written plans identifying tasks, resource needs, assigned responsibilities, due dates, and methods for the evaluation of results

3.3 Change Management

 Requires a written plan to review the Footprint for relevant changes prior to implementing a change to the QEHSMS



Clause 4: Implementation

4.1 Recycler Knowledge

4.1.1 Competence

- Must identify competency requirements, maintain records as evidence of competence, and verify effectiveness
- Training to consider identified criteria
- Relevant to intended outcomes of the QEHSMS

4.1.2 Awareness

Awareness topics/requirements

4.2 Communication

Requires documentation of communication plans



4.2.2 Customer Communication

 Includes customer qualifications (if any), as well as any QEHS customer requirements

4.2.3 Supplier Communication

• Communication of source control requirements, load rejections, errors, etc.

4.2.4 Outside Supplier Communication

Communication with Contractors

4.2.5 External Communication

- Requires communication of relevant QEHS information with visitors, stakeholders, etc.
 - Examples: emergency plans, reporting on-site chemicals to the Fire Dept., Tier II reporting, etc.



4.3 Operational Control

4.3.1 Source Materials

Controls and requirements related to Suppliers

4.3.2 Outsourced Providers, Products, and Services

 Criteria similar to Purchasing controls (documented specifications, controls relative to the potential QEHS impact, records of evaluation and monitoring, etc.)

4.4 Quality Controls

Requires documentation of specifications and criteria, worker instructions, etc.



4.5 Environmental Controls

Requires documented controls to minimize environmental impacts

4.6 Health & Safety Controls

 Requires documented controls to minimize health and safety hazards (including hazards related to outsourcing, source materials, contractors, off-site activities, chemicals, equipment, etc.)

4.7 Emergency Preparedness

- Emergency plan or response expectations
- Communicate per clause 4.2



Clause 5: Checking and Corrective Action

5.1 Monitoring and Measurement

Details items to be included in the plan

5.1.1 Activities Requiring Monitoring or Measurement

Details items to be monitored

5.1.2 QEHS Compliance

- Requires <u>annual</u> evaluation of legal and stakeholder requirements
- Includes verbiage about competency of the person(s) evaluating compliance



5.1.3 Maintenance and Calibration of Monitoring Equipment

 Requirements such as documentation of requirements, and actions taken to address out of tolerance monitoring devices

5.1.4 Analysis of Monitoring and Measurement Results

Monitoring and measuring outputs are inputs to Management Review

5.2 Nonconformance and Corrective and Preventive Action

5.2.2 EH&S Incident Investigations

- Requires investigation for <u>all</u> EHS Incidents
 - See definition, as this includes near misses
- PNCRs for two audit cycles will now be reviewed for effectiveness (instead of previously just one audit cycle)



5.3 Internal RIOS Audits

- Annual audits required, with full system evaluations "prior to certification or recertification"
- Written plan details/requirements

Clause 6: Management Review

Required inputs and outputs



Certification Steps

- Purchase the RIOS:2016 Standard
 - Copies can be obtained by contacting Amy Sailor at <u>asailor@isri.org</u>
- Establish QEHSMS documentation to meet RIOS requirements
- Training to QEHSMS requirements
- Implement QEHSMS requirements
 - Conduct internal audits of system
 - Conduct compliance evaluation
 - Conduct review of system based on input from internal audit
- Contract with a Certification Body (CB)
- Complete Stage I and Stage II audits, and address any resulting nonconformities
 - → Certification issuance





Certification Process

The registration audit consists of two stages:

- Stage I:
 - Document review of your QEHSMS (may be required to be submitted to PJR prior to Stage I)
 - Evaluates the readiness of your organization to move to Stage II
- Stage II:
 - Scheduled 30 to 60 days after the Stage I audit
 - On-site audit of your entire QEHSMS
 - Any nonconformities will need to be resolved prior to certificate issuance



Certification Requirements

- Surveillance audits
 - Scheduled at either six or twelve month intervals depending on the contract
 - Partial system audit
- Re-certification audit
 - On-site audit conducted prior to the third anniversary of the initial certification
 - Surveillance visits will then continue, as before, on a 3-year cycle

Please type any questions you may have.





For additional technical information, please contact PJR using the below contact information:

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For a quote, please contact

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